Indicative Planting Schedule

Native Woodland Matrix Tree Planting Schedule

Botanical Name	Common Name	Min No. Branches/	Form	Height (cm)	Area (m)	% of mix	No.
Acer campestre	Field Maple	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	5	140
Alnus glutinosa	Alder GW	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	7	195
Betula pendula	Silver Birch	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	7	195
Betula pubescens	Downy Birch	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	6	167
Carpinus betulus	Hornbeam	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	5	140
Corylus avellana	Hazel	1	Whip (BR)	80-100	11,160	7	195
Crataegus monogyna	Hawthorn	1	Whip (BR)	80-100	11,160	7	195
llex aquifolium	Holly	1	Whip (BR)	80-100	11,160	5	140
Malus sylvestris	Crab Apple	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	7	195
Prunus avium	Wild Cherry	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	5	140
Prunus spinosa	Blackthorn	1	Whip (BR)	80-100	11,160	5	140
Quercus petraea	Sessile Oak	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	10	279
Quercus robur	Pedunculate Oak	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	5	140
Salix caprea	Grey Willow	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	3	84
Salix cinerea	Grey Willow	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	3	84
Sorbus aucuparia	Rowan	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	5	140
Sorbus torminalis	Wild service	1	Whip (BR)	100-125	11,160	3	84
Tilia cordata	Small leaved Lime	1	Whip (BR)	80-100	11,160	3	84
Ulmus glabra	Wych Elm	1	Whip (BR)	80-100	11,160	2	56
Total						100	2790

Woodland trees and shrubs to be planted at 2.0m centres into min 300mm depth topsoil with free draining subsoil beneath. Whips to be randomly planted in areas shown on drawings. Group 3 or 5 of the same species together. All trees to be mulched with sp

County Coppice Planting Schedule and Estimated Coppice Rotation

Plant name	Common Name	Height (cm)	Root Condition	Number of times Transplant (min)	Area (m)	% of mix	Total No. Plants	Estimated Coppice Rotation (Years)
staggered row. 5 per m)								
Castanea sativa	Sweet Chestnut	60-80	В	1+1	4000	40	400	10-20
Corylus avellana	Hazel	60-80	В	1+1	4000	40	400	7
Quercus robur	Comomn oak	60-80	В	1+1	4000	10	100	10
Salix caprea	Goat Willow	60-80	В	1+1	4000	5	50	1-2
Sorbus torminalis	Wild Service	40-60	В	1+1	4000	5	50	tbc
						100	1000	

Coppice shrubs to be planted at 2.0m centres into min 300mm depth topsoil with free draining subsoil beneath. Whips to be randomly planted in areas shown on drawings. Group 3 or 5 of the same species together. All trees to be mulched with spat mat. Ra

Standard Tree Planting Schedule

	***************************************	Min No.			Number
Botanical Name	Common Name	Branches/	Form	Height (cm)	of Trees
Populus nigra agg.	Black-poplar agg.	1	Whip (BR)	150-175	5
Quercus petraea	Sessile Oak	1	Whip (BR)	150-175	7
Quercus robur	Pedunculate Oak	1	Whip (BR)	150-175	7
					19

General

Trees will be planted from local provenance stock grown at the Denbighshire County Council Tree Nursery based on site. The woodlands will contain species typically associated with Lowland Mixed Deciduous Woodland priority habitat types (NVC W10 community) as well as others known to grow in and around the existing site.

Native Woodland Matrix Planting

Native woodland will be planted at at average of 2m centres in groups of 3, 5 & 7 to create a mosaic of woodland habitats to provide a wide variety of ecological niches. This will include groves of dense planting along with more open woodland areas and glades. Perimeter deer-proof fencing will be erected around the woodland.

Standard Tree Planting

A variety of native black poplar (*Populus nigra* subsp. *Betulifolia*) clones together with sessile and common oak will be planted within the meadow/ pond areas. This will allow the trees to establish and grow naturally and typically of the species natural growth, form and habit. Tree shelters to be used to protect individual trees from deer browsing and bark stripping during establishment.

County Coppice

Native trees and shrubs will be planted at at average of 2m centres in groups of 7, 9 &11. A variety of species managed as rotational coppice will allow for a mosaic of habitat and variety of ecological niches Perimeter deer-proof fencing will be erected around the woodland.

Aquatic and Wetland Planting

The ponds will be left to naturally establish and become colonised by native wetland plant species. Should this process not occur as expected, then the approach identified in the ecological report (Biodiversity Advanced reference) will be followed.

Species Rich Meadows

The wildflower meadow area is already relatively species rich, containing a variety of native perennial wildflowers associated with grassland habitats. This habitat will be managed using cut and collect equipment and yellow rattle to reduce the fertility of the soil and control the growth of course and dominant grasses, allowing the wildflowers to thrive. New species may be added to the sward using local provenance plug plants grown at the County Tree Nursery.

Project:
Green Gates Farm, St Asaph (Phase 3)

Drawing Title:
Indicative Planting Schedules and Planting Notes

Scale:
NTS

Date:
NTS

O5/07/2023

Status:
Drawn:
Checked:
Planning
ES
TS

Drawing Number:
Revision:
085,02,07



Landscape Design Landscape Planning Landscape Management Public Realm & Green Space

Tel: 01829 759389 email: info@abovezero.co.uk web: www.abovezero.co.uk